## WHOSHALLTHE NOMINEE BE?

Continued Indications that Gen. Harrison Is the Man the Republicans Want.

Indiana Strengously and Solidly for the Candidate of Their Choice-Indiana Must Be Carried, and Harrison Is the Man.

INDIANA REPUBLICANS.

The Persistent Effort to Stampede Them, but they Stand for Harrison,

In lianapolis Letter in Cincinnati Commercial Gaz-The history of American politics will not disclose an instance where such a persistent effort has been made to drive the party in a State to repudiate its choice among its own citizens and accept another set up by a portion of the party in another State as has been done in the case of Indiana this year. Notwithstanding township, sounty, district and State conventions have declared in favor of General Harrison, and delegates have been elected because they had delared themselves for him, a well-organized bureau, with the command of unlimited means, bas eep for weeks flooding the State with papers alking in the interest of another candidate. Every delegate's mail is loaded each day with those papers, and the strange thing about it is that the very papers thus sent to the delegates are full of articles impeaching their personal and political integrity. It is hardly the way to win an honorable man's support to accuse him of being ready and anxious to go back upon his own plighted word and betray his neighbors who have honpred him with their confidence. Yet that is just what the Chicago papers have been doing for weeks. Indiana Republicans have fought many hard political pattles, and have won some nota-ble victories. In 1860 they were among those who led the advance, and pointed out the way to victory. When the voice of Indiana was peard in October of that year it told the world that Abraham Lincolnwould be elected in the following month, and the coward march of the plave power would be stopped. In October, 1864, the again led the advance, and announced that the war must be prosecuted to the end, and that he peace party could not triumph. Again, in 1880, when the prospects for the Republican party were very gloomy, it was the State of Indiana that gave the election to Garfield. Had the Republicans of this State failed in October of that year Hancock would have been President of the United States. It would seem to the orfinary observer that a party that had fought so many hard battles and wen so many glorious rictories was amply able to decide for itself who it wanted to lead its columns when another fight was coming on. But the Chicago and some other papers do not seem to think so.

The Republicans of Indiana stand ready to

make another gallant fight this year, and to ledge to the party success, and all they ask is that, if one of her own citizens is chosen to lead the party, it be the one they want, the one in whose ability to achieve success they have the most unbounded confidence. To give them any other would be a suicidal policy. If the conventhat Sherman, or Allison or Alger can succeed without the vote of Indiana, and that it is best to nominate either of them, the party in this State will say amen to the choice, and will do its level best to give the choice of the convention the rote of the State, and no Republican in Indiana will be found to say that to so give the vote is beyond the range of possibility. But on the other hand, the convention shall say that the vote of the State is necessary to achieve success, then the Republicans here will say, "Give us the man who has led as to victory in other years, and upon whose secord there is not a blot to be found, and who, n everything that goes to fit a man for such a high position, is the peer of any in the land, and we pledge you Indiana's fifteen votes." It is a straightforward, manly putting of the question. They will back up their piedge with a showing of what has been done under his leadership in times past. It is under such conditions Indiana will enter the convention. The party in this State, in every way that is known to party poli tics, by the roice of the people when gathered in primary meetings, through their regularly thosen representatives when in convention asparty, and such a unanimity of action ought to clusive on the national convention, if the omination is to be made to please the party

ere and secure certain success. The enthusiasm for Harrison grows every day, and less is heard of there being a preferable shoice of any other man. While Mr. Blaine was supposed to be still in the field there were many who did not believe it possible to secure the nomination of General Harrison, but now that Mr. Blaine is finally, by his own act, out of the way, the benef has grown that the Indiana man can be put forward to lead the party, and the enthusiasm has consequently increased. As is has increased the talk for any other candidate has diminished, until it is seldom heard how in any part of the State. The falling off in the talk for their own candidate has led the Chicago bureau to double its diligence, and to pour into the State a double tide of its literature. But Indiana cannot be won away from

A Strong, Safe and Winning Candidate. Minneapolis Tribune.

The favorite son of Indiana is General Benjamin Harrison; there can be no mistake and should be no misrepresentation on that point He is undoubtedly the first choice, not only of the practical leaders, but also of the Republican rank and file of his State. Gresham had been brought forward as a candidate by the Chicago press, when the county conventions were held in Indiana. But they were all enthusiastic for Harrison with the exception of the convention for the county where Gresham was born. The result of the New York election last No-

vember brought Indiana and Harrison to the York could not be redeemed by the Republicans, or, in other words, that the Republican party must carry Indiana to be victorious. The Hoosiers were not slow to perceive their splendid opportunity and began active work to make their leader the next President of the United

General Benjamin Harrison's name stands for what is best in American traditions and Republican principles. He belongs to a family of stubborn fighters, was always found at the front when a battle was to be fought, and he always fought for conviction and principle. He has filled every position of public trust held by him beliently and faithfully, and to the entire satisfaction of his constituents. He has not, however, impressed the country as a man with emipent or brilliant intellectual qualities. He is not a magnet, and if nominated would scarcely be able to arouse much enthusiasm. But he enjoys the esteem and full confidence of his party. His character and record are unassallable. His Republicanism is tried and known to the country. It is not wavering on a single point. If nominated his campaign would not be very noisy perhaps, but it would be earnest and aggressive. He would make a safe and efficient President

Blaine's final withdrawal strengthened Harriwith Biaine out of the race the sturdy Indiana fighter would, it is held, be stronger in the denbtful Eastern States than most of the other Western candidates, while he can swing Indi-ans into the Republican column if anybody can. It has been claimed that the Indiana delegation is weakening and preparing to desert Hartry. The Indiana delegation was instructed to "exhaust every honorable means" to secure the nomination of Harrison. There are good reasone to believe that the delegation will prove true to their instructions, and if they succeed they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they have given the Republican party a good, eafe, aggressive and winning candidate.

Minnesota Not for Gresham. Red-Wing (Minn ) Reveille.

It is to be hoped that the national Republican convention will not force Judge Gresham as a candidate upon the people of Indiana contrary to their wishes. In their State and congressional conventions they were unanimous for ieneral Harrison, and will send a solid delegation for him to Chicago. The two men are well known in that State. One has always been a true and tried leader of the Republican party, has for many years taken an active part in every political campaign, and is one of the ablest statesmen in the country. Judge Gresham was a member of President Arthur's Cabinet four years ago, and made but one speech during that canvass, and in that he would have entirely goored Mr. Blaine as a candidate had he not been forced to do otherwise, and even then he said but little in his favor. He represents an element of the party that is not in harmony with those who believe in protecting American labor. He is too much the idol of the mugwomps and too generally indorsed by leading Democratic newspapers to suit the majority o Republicans His literary bureau has been laboring faithfully for him, and has succeeded in creating a fictitious sentiment in his favor.

wants Harrison. There is nothing to indicate that he would not be equally satisfactory to the people in the other doubtful States, as he represents the Republicanism that prevails in them. Now that Mr. Blaine will not accept a nomination, it seems that Harrison for President, with Hawley, of Connecticut, Phelps, of New Jersey, or Miller, of New York, for Vice-president, would make a ticket that would win. As one of the rank and file of the Republican party, we intend to abide by the decision of the Chicago convention, and let its candidate be Harrison, Alger, Allison, Sherman or some other good man, we will be content: but should it be Judge Gresham we don't believe that it would meet with popular approval, nor that Grover Cleveland's re election would be one of the uncertainties of the future.

Discreditable and Underhanded Methods.

To the Editor of the Des Moines Register. In the Inter Ocean of the 14th inst., and copied in the Chicago Tribune of the 5th, was a pre tended interview with certain citizens of Ottumwa, and among them an interview with O. M. Ladd, alternate delegate-at-large to Chicago, reported as follows:

I have always been a Gresham man. I regard him as the strongest candidate before the people, first because of his soldier record, and second, because of his popularity with the labor vote. He is one of the few men who has gained the favor of the labor classes without being a demagogue. We could elect him

The Courier called attention to this, and Mr. Ladd denied the whole thing, as follows, in

letter to the Courier:

OTTUMWA, June 6.

To the Editor of the Ottumwa Courier: I notice in your paper of the 5th inst. reference to a reported interview with me by the Inter Ocean correspondent, in reference to Judge Geesham as the nominee for President. I desire to say that I was

nominee for President. I desire to say that I was never interviewed on that subject.

The sentiments attributed to me in the "interview" place me in a false position. In the very remote contingency of my having a chance to vote in the Chicago convention, I would feel in honor bound to vote for Mr. Allison as long as the Iowa delegation kept his name before the convention.

I would rather see Mr. Allison President than any candidate mentioned for the nomination at Chicago.

I never at any time said: "I have always been a

I never at any time said: "I have always been a Gresham man." I have never said that I would favor the nomination of Judge Gresham while Mr. Allison was a candidate. While I admire Judge Gresham and think he has some strong points of availability, it would depend entirely on the facts brought out by the canvass for the nomination whether I would support him as sec-U. M. LADD. ond choice.

Our people are disgusted with such under-FAIR PLAY. OTTUMWA, Ia., June 7.

Indiana's Chance.

The St Louis convention nominated a strong ticket, whatever may be said in disparagement of Mr. Thurman by reason of his advanced age and bodily infirmities. His bead is clear and his character is irreproachable, and these are strong points. His name stands for honesty and conservatism. He is a clean man and a safe man. We speak of Mr. Thurman in particular because he is the only new factor in the case. Cleveland's renomination has been a foregone

conclusion for two years past or more. The Republicans may beat this combination, but they will have to be very wise and very vigilant to do it. Their opportunity lies in making a ticket which will insure the carrying of Indiana and either New Jersey or Connecticut. There is little hope of their getting New York. We doubt if any Republican can be named who can take the Empire State away from Mr. Cleveland, especially now when all the federal. State and city patronage is in the

hands of the Democrats. But Indiana can be earried by the Republicans. General Harrison can carry it, while General Bawley or Mr. Phelps would be very strong in Connecticut and New Jersey. Ind ana is indispensable to the Republicars, and in view of this fact Harrison's stock has been steadily advancing of late. There is a growing sentiment in the East for him, and it is liable to keep on growing as the exigencies of the situa-tion are carefully studied. It seems now that nothing short of inexcusable blundering on the part of the Indiana delegation at Chicago can prevent this State from being represented on the Republican national ticket.

More Elements of Strength Than Any Other.

Mount Vernon Sun. General Harrison's prospects for the Republican nomination for President seem to be very good on account of his superior availability as well as his distinguished statesmanship. In the first place, it is generally conceded that the nominee of the Chicago convention should be a soldier, because, since the war, the Republican party has elected every one of its candidates for President who was in the army, and has failed to elect the only civilian it placed in nomination for that high office, though he was one of the most brilliant statesmen of his age. And in the second place, it is generally conceded that the nomination should be given to one of the two doubtful States, Indiana or New York, because it would contribute largely to Republican success in either one of those States, while in all the other Northern States the Republican nominee would receive the usual large majorities, no matter what locality he would hail from. It follows that, as New York has no military chieftain who has been prominently mentioned as a presidential candidate, and as General Benjamin Harrison is a citizen of Indiana and was a gallant soldier, promoted on the battle field for his bravery, and as all the Republican conventions in Indiana, State and district, have instructed for him for that high position, he possesses more elements of success than any other presidential candidate whose name has been generally mentioned.

Strong Talk for Harrison.

Watertown (D. T.) Public Opinion. Blaine being out of the way a large percentage of his strength is centering upon Harrison as the most available Western man who can carry the doubtful States. The honors in the East are divided between Depew, Hawley and Pheips, with Depew in the lead. Senator Warner Miller, of New York, and Whitelaw Ried, of the Tribune, are recent converts to Harrison. Hon. Mart Chandler, of Red Wing. Minn., in a recent interview, said: "Six months ago, before the papers coupled the names of Depew and Harrison as a presidential ticket for the Republican party, I had named those gentlemen as the strongest ticket that could be put in the field. And I say the same thing today. Depew can carry New York State against Cleveland or any other Democrat; Harrison can defeat any candidate in Indiana. Those two States are essential to Republican success this year. The talk of Democratic victory in Connecticut this year is silly and without founda-tion. The platform of the Republicans is sufficient to insure defeat to the Democrats in that State. If it be possible to induce these men to make the canvass I believe they will be nominated at Chicago," Since the above was in type Mr. Depew de-

clines to become a candidate.

"Ctaims" and Facts. Kansas City Journal. The friends of Judge Gresham claim that his strength is steadily growing, and a very sanguine organ, the Washington Gazette, claims that he

can count upon 333 votes. That this is undoubtedly exaggerated there seems but little doubt, even as stanch a supporter of Gresham's claims as the Chicago Tribune conceding that such is the case. The entire Missouri delegation is counted for him, which is certainly an error. If he has half of this delegation he has more than is generally

credited to him. The entire Minnesota delegation is also claimed for him, while competent and disinterested judges do not concede at the outside more than ten votes for him. New York is also credited with twenty votes for him, which is also said to be an exag-

There are a number of other States, particularly among the Southern States, the delegations of which are mostly counted for him, when it seems to be pretty generally conceded that Sherman will have the majority of them.

Why General Harrison Should Be Nominated.

Madison Courier. General Harrison is the peer of any one mentioned for the Republican nomination for the presidency as a lawyer. His military record is equal to the best of any who are named for that high candidacy. As a Senator he took high rank and gave promise of the highest attainment.

As a politician he possesses in the highest degree courage, fortitude and untiring energy. As a man he is clean, strong, pleasant and approachable. Every advantage of position in the fight of 1888 is with him. Indiana is more important than New York, because if it is carried it will certainly he course if it is carried it will certainly be counted as carried. New York might be honestly carried by the Repub-licans and yet the State's votes given to the Democracy by corruption in the great toreign city, as it is believed was the case in 1884. The Republican party, therefore, should nominate for President, Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana.

One of the Strongest in the Field.

It is doubtful if Judge Gresham could carry his own State. With his views on the tariff it is very questionable if the Republicans of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut would feel that their interests were any safer in his hands than President Cleveland's. The States that he might carry would give their electoral vote to any Republican candidate, but the doubtful States are the ones we must have if we expect to wis. In that class belongs Indiana, and ahe

ticket with Harrison were adopted, we should have a ticket exceptionally strong in the two most important States.

General Harrison as a Graduate.

Rev. David wing. Benjamin Harrison left the Miami walls in 1852. It was a beautiful June day when he graduated. His commencement oration (for there were no "addresses" or "remarks" in a grove so sacred to old Demosthenes and Cicero) was upon "England's Poor." Thirty-six years have not erased from memory the general drift of that eloquence—the pictures of beggars at each rich man's gate, beggars by the thousand around each palace and caused by the palace. The youth was an eloquent speaker, his face long, white and attractive, and when he sat down and the band began to play, all the men and maidens out in the woods said to each other. "A fine effort," "promising youth," "an honor to Miami." And now this sedate, studious, conscientions Ben Harrison sees his name cossed about by the editors who are busy attempting to make a new President

The Tariff Question Important. A recent number of the Springfield (Mass.) Union contains a communication from a protectionist in Boston who wants to know: How is Gresham? Is he a protectionist or is he a tariff reformer? This is the important question I would have settled before any delegates indorse his

The correspondent precedes the inquiry with the statement that the Home Market Club of Baston requested Judge Gresham to come on to the Hub and deliver an address, and "a most pointed reference was made in the invitation as to the desire of the people to know how he stood upon the tariff." The Judge was compelled to decline the invitation, and in doing so said nothing in regard to the tariff.

A Good Ticket Proposed.

To the Editor New York Press: It is enough for the Republicans to know that all the mugwumps talk Gresham, a man who has not his own delegation, and we don't want him. We want an aggressive campaign, and Oregon has fired the first gun, as Maine did, in 1840, "when it went hell bent for Governor Kent." Blaine ont of the contest, there is not a ticket that can be named that can be compared with "Chauncey Depew and young Tipperance." Depew is a workingman who commenced with the rest at the lowest round, and is now foreman. Railroad stockholders know a good man when they see him. Why should not intelligent freemen do as well? No other man can beat Cleveland. NEW YORK, June 6. ABOLITIONIST.

The Republican Combination.

Louisville Commercial. If the Republicans secure Indiana and New York they will have sufficient votes to elect, without New Jersey or Connecticut. If they carry Indiana and New Jersey and lose New York they will win. With Indiana and Connecticus they will have votes to snare.

It is a narrow margin for the Democrats. They cannot afford to make a mistake in any of the pivotal States. Harrison can insure Indiana to the Republicans. This would leave the party free to organize New Jersey and Connecticut, at the same time forcing the Democrats to make a fight for New York.

Indianians Are Wedded to Harrison. Louisville Commercial.

In the case of Harrison and Gresham, the latter's friends are trying to give currency to the impression that the Indiana Republicans would be happy with either were 'tother dear charmer away. The Hoosiefs' affections are not divided. They are wedded to General Harrison.

General Harrison in Tennessee. to the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Now is the time for the friends of General Harrison to arge his nomination. Why?

First-Because the Democracy of Tennessee regard the nomination of Thurman as a sad mistake. They wanted Gray to insure Indiana for their ticket. They liked Thurman best as regards the man, but wanted Gray for political reasons. Ohio, they say, is a Republican State. Indiana, they say, is extremely doubtful to them without Gray, and, with Harrison as the Republican candidate, will be quite disheartened Republicans here are more and more in sympathy with Harrison's candidacy. The thoughtful of our party fear that Depew would lose States in the West, and so fear to nominate him. Blaine men distrust Gresham. They have little thought of Sherman. Their opinion is rapidly crystallizing to the effect that Harrison can carry Indiana, that Hawley or Phelos. with Harrison, can carry not only all the North and West. but New Jersey and Connecticut. Such a ticket would please our people. Urge your delegates to make these points, and, I believe, you will win. Then, there is Allison and Alger. They both being from Republican States will bar any strong effort for them. Indiana occupies a position which, if energetically worked with discretion, and persistency, and courage ought to result in General Harrison's nomination. Harrison grows in strength and good opinion as he is better known among our people. Our people seem to more readily rate him at his worth and to appreciate him as they learn of him. A strong, discreet, unyielding fight at Chicago and from now until the convention ought to certainly win the nomination for General Harrison. Push things in all direc-R. A. CONNER.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 9.

Trying to Create a False Impression. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal. A few politicians in this part of the State are trying to create the impression that the people generally in this locality, are favorable to Gresham's nomination rather than Harrison's. This is a mistake. I am well acquainted in Porter. Lake and LaPorte counties, and have talked with many farmers (Republicans), and they are opposed to Gresham's nomination. Many of them will sign a protest if it will do any good. As between Harrison and Greeham they are de-

cidedly in favor of Harrison. NELSON J. BOZARTH. VALPARAISO, June 9, 1888.

BOARD OF TRADE ELECTION.

The Liveliest Interest Manifested in Behalf of the Several Candidates.

The annual election of the Board of Trade was held yesterday. One hundred and sixtyfour ballots were cast, the largest number for some years. There was a great deal of interest taken in the election, although a good, friendly feeling prevailed all day. Candidates were on hand and worked in a lively way. The issue was simply a choice of men. Eighteen hundred dollars dues was collected during the day. The following was the result of the election.

FOR PRESIDENT. Wm. Scott ..... 163 FOR VICE-PRESIDENT. D. P. Erwin..... 73 Geo. G. Tanner..... 75 FOR TREASURER. D. A. Richardson..... 164 FOR GOVERNORS. Geo. E. Townley. 107 J. F. Pratt. 113

\*Geo. S. Brecount. 112 E. C. Atkins. 86
J. M. Shaw. 109 Geo. F. Branham 70
W. D. Wiles. 90 S. F. Robinson 83
J. A. Wildman 90 John B. Conner. 99

†J. Q. Van Winkle. 113 \*Jno. M. Schmidt. 86
W. H. Cooper. 109 Alfred B. Gates ..... 43 Alfred F. Potts ..... Um. H. Schmidt.... 37 A. A. McKain.....

Jno. P. Frenzel..... 50 Berg App egate.... Chas. F. Meyer.... 37 Jno. T. Brush.... Jno. R. Leonard.... 49 iJ. B. Van Winkle... H. P. Wasson..... People's. Wm. L. Higgins .... 28 W. A. Krag .... 24 "Geo. S. Brecount .... 57 B. B. Minor ..... 34 Edward Reeves ..... 44 Wm. G. Wasson ..... 

\*Regular and people's. †Regular and independent

Mr. Scott was on all the tickets for president, as was Mr. Richardson for treasurer. George G. Tanner, whom the friends of the independent and people's ticket supported for vice-president, was the only one elected off the regular ticket, but J. B. Van Winkle the independents and the regulars slike supported, while the latter and the people's adherents voted for Schmidt

Sent to Philad-lphia.

The five carrier pigeons sent from Philadelphia to J. J. Henderson, of the American Express Company of this city, were released yesterday morning at 6:30 o'clock from the roof of Attorney-general Fichener's residence, on North Alabama street. Instead of circling about for a short time, as carrier pigeous usually do, they sped straight away due east, keeping well bunched, and were soon lost to sight. Judging from the accuracy of their start, they will make the long journey home in safety. Mr. Hender-son fed and watered them as hour before they

THE PEOPLE FOR HABRISON

An Immense Representation of Indianians Preparing to Go to Chicago.

The General's Stanch Friends Manifest Their Zeal and Enthusiasm in the Largest Meeting Ever Held for a Like Purpose.

The Criminal Court room was crowded last light at the meeting of the Harrison Club. Many, unable to obtain seats, turned away, thus making it the best attended and most enthusiastic meeting that has yet been held. The encouraging news of the last week has served to stimulate greatly the interest and enthusiasm over General Harrison's candidacy. The work done by the club last night was mainly of a business nature-principally to fect arrangements for going to Chicago. A report from the Tippecance Club was received, accepting the invitation to go to Chicago, not as a body, but individually. The members of that organization will be given the front position in the march up from the depot, and will be provided with Harrison badges, in addition to the regular Tippecanoe Club badge. The committee on uniforms reported that hats, badges and canes had arrived and might now be secured. The hats and badges can be had at Wright Bros., 56 East Market street, and the canes at Bambergers hat store, on Washington

Captain Wiles reported to the club that the South Carolina, Tennessee and Alabama delegates would pass through the city next Sunday about noon, and suggested that proper arrangements be made by the club to receive them if they decide to stop off for any length of time. The matter was put in charge of the committee on reception, with power to act. As there will be a good many persons passing through the city going to the convention during the latter part of this week or the first of next, it was decided to establish headquarters at the New Denison House for that time and appoint a committee to take charge of such persons and delegates as may come, and entertain them while here After the completion of some other business of minor importance, Attorney-general Michener was loudly called for to address the club. Mr. Michener finally came forward and was greeted

with loud cheers. He said: I am always glad to look into the face of Republicans, and especially glad to look into the face of Harrison Republicans—men who are in favor of nom-mating a man for our cand date who can not only hold his own party in line but can win from the oppo-sition. General Harrison is an aggressive Republic-an. He is a shrewd fighter, and always leads to victory, even in the face of odds that would discourage victory, even in the face of odds that would discourage one less resolute. I am glad to see that every indication points toward his nomination. From all parts of the Union in the last two weeks the reports have been encouraging in the highest degree, and now every day the telegraph is bringing us additional assurances of support [cheers]; and I say to you to-night, gentlemen, advisedly, that if this club and the people of Indiana do their duty we can nominate him. [Great adplause.] Now shall we do it? [Several voices, "Yes, we'll do it."] We have letters coming in every day from towns over the State stating that delegations of 23, 50, 75, 100, 200, are going to Chicago, which, joined with this magnificent club, will certainly make a splendid Hoosier representation at Chicago. If these men only do their whole duty, we will return and march up Delaware street to General Harrison's residence and serenade him as the nominee of the great convention. [Applause.]

plause.]
There is to me, my friends, some logic in his candidacy. He comes from a pivotal State: his character is spotless, his ability great and unquestioned. Senator Edmunds pronounced him the best debater in the United States Senate—a great compliment, I am sure. Add to all this his soldiers' record, and who has a higher claim to the nomination than he has? He is a statesman of the highest ability. All acknowledge his fitness, his pre-eminent fitness, for the place to which he aspires. All we have got to do to secure the nomination for him is to go to the convention and work for him, work earnestly and persistently, but not against any of the other grand Republicant who are the present to the convention and work for him, work earnestly and persistently, but not against any of the other grand Republicant. licans who may be presented to that convention. We want to say all we can in favor of our candidate, and say it earnestly, but nothing against any one else. [Voices, "That's right."] We have the argument on our side. Let us present it earnestly, enthusiastically for our man, and I feel sure we shall win. [Applause.] If Harrison is nominated it will be the work of this club. You all know him. You know his public life. You know him at home. All you have to do is to go to Chicago and tell what you know. That is the strongest argument that can be told Let us go there and do it well. Mr. Chairman I want to be enrolled as a member of this club. I have not had a chance to join it before. [Great applause.]

At the conclusion of Mr. Michener's speech Mr. Hugh Hanns, the chairman, read a letter to the club from a delegate in Pennysylvania, Mr. T. W. South, saying that he was an enthusiastic Harrison man, and that "he believed, from what he could hear, General Harrison's chances were second to none." This announcement was received with cheers. The executive committee submitted the fol-

We have selected Capt. B. A. Richardson for marshal, empowering him to select his own assistants. We have accorded the privilege of furnishing lunch on train to William H. Russell, and selected Albert Farley to look after and protect the baggage of mem-

We have selected John R. Leonard and Moses G. McLain as a committee on decoration of headquarters at the two hotels in Chicago, authorizing them to employ an expert assistant, if they shall deem it necessary, and to use such a reasonable amount of mon-We have selected the following members of the club to act as a reception committee at headquarters

Jos. T. Elliott.

-1	n. C. Allen,	Jos. 1. Elliott,
ı	J. C. Adams,	R. S. Foster,
3	H. R. Allen	E. S. Folsom.
1	Jas. B. Black,	P. H. Fitzgerald,
1	John A. Bridgland,	J. L. Griffiths,
1	M. L. Brown.	G. F. Herriott,
1	Geo. F. Branham,	H. P. Hess,
П	Henry Coe.	J. W. Hess,
8	J. A. Comingor,	Geo. C. Hitt.
н	J. R. Carnahan,	E. W. Halford,
1	John R. Clinton,	W. P. Johnson,
8	D. W. Coffin,	Dr. Wilson,
ı	C. S. Denny,	Wm. Irvin.
1	C.A. Dryer,	Jas. A. Iliff,
8	S. A. Elbert,	Geo. F. McGinnis,
п	E. S. Elder,	J. R. KcKee,
3	H. A. Edson,	John L. McMaster,
ĸ	W. F. Wocher,	Chas. Many,
ı	Wile Clark,	D. A. Meyers,
В	Ernest Elliott,	Frank McCray,
8	Ed Hereth,	W. D. Seaton,
8	Allison Maxwell.	W A Van Buren
۱	W. O. McKinney,	G. S. Wright
8	Wm. Morse,	W. A. Van Buren, G. S. Wright, L. C. Walker,
П	S. D. Pray,	J. M. Winters,
	John V. Parker,	Worth Wright,
•	R. H. Reese,	I. N. Walker,
8	N. R. Ruckle.	B. C. Wright,
8	Chas. F. Robbins,	Theo. A. Wagner,
8	C. S. Roney,	Jesse Ringold,
8	J. E. Shover,	Vinson Carter,
ш	R. M. Smock,	John S. Duncan,
8	Geo. W. Spahr,	T. E. Endly,
8	H. S. Tucker,	C. C. Foster,
	Isaac Thalman,	L. W. Fletcher,
п	Michael Toomey,	J. A. Humphreys,
	W. S. R. Tarkington.	A. J. Halford,
	Chas. E. Thornton,	H. F. Stevenson,
	Arthur Jordan,	Geo. W. Stubbs,
	Michael agram	ded. II. Deadon,

Leroy Redd. W. L. Taylor, These gentlemen will also act as a committee to receive and entertain delegates from the South and East as they pass through this city on their way to Chicago, until Monday morning.

H. F. Steven-on will act as chairman of the committee while acting in this city.

All members of reception committee will report to John B. Elam at Indiana headquarters at Grand Parameters. cific Hotel on arrival at Chicago, when they will be assigned work at one of the headquarters.

Members will enroll their names at the office of Worth Wright, 56 East Market street, where hats can be procured for \$1.75 each.

Badges will be distributed free to members on train.

The report was adopted. The club will go to Chicago over the Monon route, leaving Indianapolis at 9 o'clock next Monday morning. A train will be run every hour thereafter for the accomodation of those who cannot go on the first train and tor such as come to the city from towns in the State and wish to join the club. The rate secured, \$2.25 for the round-trip, is for anybody who wishes to go with it. Tickets for the trip and sleeping-car berths can be secured at the Monon office. 36 South Illinois street. These tickets are good for return trip on any of the three regular trains during the convention.

When the club adjourned a great many crowded

op around the secretary to hand in their names and become members. Altogether it was one of the most enthusiastic political meetings that has been held in the city for a long time. It showed what General Harrison's own fellow-citizens think of his candidacy and what they are willing to do in his interest.

Arrested on Returning to the City. W. E. Strain was arrested by detective Thornton, last evening, on the charge of horse stealing. It is alleged that about two years ago he stole a horse from a man named Clune, in this city, and when about to be arrested left the State and went to California. Recently be returned, and as soon as his presence was known by the detective the arrest was made.

Central Labor Unton. The Central Labor Union met last night at its hall on East Washington street. Reports were heard as to the general condition of trade in the

city, which was pronounced good, as was almost every department of labor. The Bakers' Union announced that a union of bakers was soon to be organized in Terre Haute. Gibney & Co., contractors for the Gas Trust Company, were discussed at length, the opinions differing concerning the matter. A committee of five were finally appointed to investigate the class of workmen that were being employed by the Trust and also the prices that were being paid.

CLOSE OF COLLEGE AND SCHOOL TERMS. Literary Exercises of the Pythonian Society

at Butler University. The Pythonian Literary Society gave its thirty-second annual exhibition in the college chapel last night. There were seven graduates. The crators of the evening were Hugh Th. Miller and John C. Morrison. Mr. Miller's theme was "The Strength of the Spoils System" He held that this lay partly in the long lease of power which the spoils system had enloved, but primarily in the unbounded influence the system gave to the dominant party in making appointments, assessments and removals. He strongly urged the extension and rigid enforcement of the Pendleton law. Mr. Morrison's speech was another reform oration Morrison's speech was another reform oration
—one for tariff reform. He is an ardent Democrat, and his subject, "The Fallacy of Protection," was further proof of this fact. He sought to expose in true Wattersonian style the doctrines of Cleveland's message. Mr. O. W. Green declaimed "The Station Agent's Story," and Mr. E. G. Maines rendered "Man Against Machine." The essayist of the evening was W. F. Clarke, who had written on "Which shall I Do?" The music consisted of solos by Professor Iden,
Miss Washburn, and Miss Bennett, all of which
were warmly received. J. W. Fulwider, in behalf of the active membership of the society,
presented diplomas to the graduates, Mesers.
Buchanan, Clarke, Fall, Gongwer, Marshall, Miller and Morrison. Mr. Marshall responded in a few well-chosen words. Mr. Gongwer, of

the senior class, presided.

The subject of President Benton's baccalaureate address was "The True Christian Idea of Manliness." His text was "Quit you like men; be strong." He beld strength-intellectual, physical, and moral -to be the chief element of manhood, and said that underlying all this was faith-faith in one's self, in mankind, in God.

The Philokurian exhibition occurs to-night, and to-morrow will be made memorable by Demia Butler exhibition in the morning, class day in the afternoon, and the Mathesian exhibition at night. The board of directors meets

High-School Debating Club. The entertainment by the Senior Debating Club at the High-school Hall, last night, was attended by an audience larger than could obtain entrance to the hall, seats being arranged in the hallway. The chief interest of the evening centered in a prize debate by six members of the society, upon the question, "Should the Indian have the right of the ballot?" Those arguing in the affirmative were Arthur Smith, Miss Grace Hatton and Miss Maria Woolen, while the anti-Indian view of matters was taken by Edgar Evans, Miss Kate Davidson and Chester Wilson. The speeches were of thoughtful and argumentative value, showing the earnest study the participants gave the question. The judges were Professor Jones, superintendent of schools, Miss Cropsey and Prof. T. L. Sewall. They swarded the first prize to Miss Grace Hatton and the second to Edgar Evans. The merits of the argument were decided in favor of the affirmative, and the red man should feel encouraged accord-

In addition to the debate there were literary and musical exercises. Arthur Mackey delivered an oration, and Miss Emma Hall a declamation, while Miss Florence Aller-dice read a paper of unusual merit upon the "future" of the class. Stanley McBride gave a riolin solo, Miss Carrie Selig a piano solo, and Misses Rose Leet and Daisy Lowes a piano duet. The performances began with a song by the girls' chorus and closed with one by the Highschool Glee Club.

Degrees Conferred by Purdue. At the recent commencement at Purdue University the following post graduate degrees were conferred: Master of Science upon Elwood Mead, B. S., C. E., of Wvoming Territory, a former graduate of Purdue; Doctor of Pharmacy upon John N. Hurty, M. D., of Indianapolis, and Doctor of Science upon Alembers W. Brayton, M. S., M. D., of Indianapolis.

St. John's Academy. The free art exhibition at St. John's Academy will open June 20 and continue one week. No personal invitations will be issued, but all are cordially invited to attend it. The closing exercises of the school will be held on the evenings of June 21 and 22.

Commencement at Franklin. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FRANKLIN, June 11.—Commencement week proper began yesterday with a sermon by Rev. L. E. Albert, of Seymour. In the evening the baccalaureate sermon was preached in the First Baptist Church, by President Stott. To-night will occur the inter-society entertainment, each of the literary societies being represented by two orators. To-morrow night Rev. T. T. Eaton, D. D., of Louisville, will deliver the annual address before the literary societies. Wednesday evening the Hon. J. R. Burton, of Kausas, will deliver the alumni address. Tuesday, at 10 o'clock, the preparatory graduates will deliver their orations, and Thursday, at the same hour, will occur the graduating exercises of the college department.

Francis Murphy on Sam Small.

Pittsburg · hronicle. When asked whether he thought Sam Smail was working in the right way, Mr. Murphy said: "Sam Small will do a great deal of good, but he is not doing right. He admits that his life was for years one of drunkenness, debauchery and misery. He tried every means known to effect a cure, had failed, and everything failed until the grace of God entered into his heart. He acknowledges that that was the only thing that saved him, and yet he now wants to force others to do that which proved to be utterly useless in his own case. There is no law but the grace of God that kept him from going back to his old life. I believe in a common sense law that the people will rally aroud. Every man must make and obey his own laws in this matter. It is in homes and around hearthstones that this law

Exercise for Male and Female,

Dr. W. Hutchinson, in American Magazine.

It is useless and worse, to persist in claiming that physical exercise for men and women should be airke in degree or kind. In happy, sexless childhood, boys and girls may indeed be allowed the same diversions and muscle training; but when their lives begin to separate by development of sexual instincts (and it is marvel ous how early these occasionally manifest themselves), it is no longer practicable nor right to insist upon a similarity of exercise for dissimilar structures. Neither by nature nor by training are men and women alike, and every attempt to make them so in physical capacity only acts injuriously upon the weaker

The New Open Cars.

Saturday People. The new summer open cars present a very fine appearance, and with their conductors are very welcome to the city. In this, at least, the new company are redeeming their promise. Let them not weary in well doing, and the people may yet rise and call them blessed.

Here We Go! \$2.50! TO CINCINNATI AND RETURN, TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW, JUNE 12 AND 13. On all trains of the C., H. & D., account Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias. In addition to regular trains, special limited, with First Regiment on board, leaves Indianapolis at 8 A. M. to morrow, Wednesday. Go with the prizewinners via the selected route—C., H. & D.—which passes the drill ground. All tickets good returning until June 18. W. H. FISHER, General Agent.

Only \$11.50 to Minneapolis, Minne, and Return. JUNE 17, 1888.

Special through train via "Monon Route" and

Minnesota & Northwestern railway, under the auspices of the Travelers' Protective Association, allowing stop-over at Chicago en route to attend national Republican convention. For all information apply to

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W. F. WINCHESTER, ) I. D. BALDWIN. D. P. A. Monon Route, 26 South Illinois street. \$4.00 To ST. LOUIS AND BETUEN,

June 11, 12 and 13. For tickets, eleaping our and reclining chair our accommodations, apply to Geo. Rech, ticket agent Vandalia line, corner Washington and lilineis atreets; D. R. Denough, ticket agent Union Depot A G. P. A. Vandalla Line

VANDALIA LINE,

\$4 00 to St. Louis and Return. VIA VANDALIA LINE. June 12 and 13. The best, quickest and most

direct route. Excursion tickets are always sold at bottom figures. Secure your sleeping, parlos or reclining-chair car accommodations early. For tickets, etc., apply to GEO. RECH, Ticket Agent, D. R. DONOUGH. Ticket Agent. Vandalia Line.

H. R. DERING, A. G. P. A.

"Here We Go Again" TO ST. LOUIS AND RETURN, VIA THE POPULAR BEE-LINE RAILWAY. Excursion tickets on sale June 11, 12 and 13, at very low rates on account of the "North American Sængerbund" festival, held in St. Louis, June 13 to 16. For festival programmes and full particulars call on W. M. Hicklin,

Ticket Agent, 138} South Illinois streets. D. C.

Drake, Ticket Agent, No. 2 Bates House or Union Depot. T. C. PECK, Passenger Agent Casting Reflections-The window of Tucker's glove store, No. 10 East Washington street, is arranged with reflecting mirrors that multiply the goods dis-played in them in a wonderful manner, twenty one times. Mr. Tucker has placed on the east side of his store a large stock of ladies', children's and men's hosiery and underwear which he is selling at lower prices than ever before known in this city for like quality of goods.

> Open to the Public-ONLY \$2.25.

Indianapolis to Chicago and return via Pan-handle route June 16, 17 and 18. Trains leave Union Depot 11:15 A. M., and 11 P. M. Arrive is Chicago 6:35 P. M. and 6:55 A. M., respectively. Parlor care on day trains and Pullman sleeping cars on night trains. The latter will run locally between Indianapolis and Chicago, and those who may desire can get into the cars at the Union Depot any time after 8:30 P. M., and on the return trip remain in it until 7 o'clock A. M. Fo. tickets apply to D. R. Donough, ticket agent Union Depot, or George Rech, ticket agent Pennsylvania lines, 48 West Washington street

DRINK Malto. WHAT is "Coaline?" What is "Coaline?"

H. R. DERING, A. G. P. A.

A DELIGHTFUL substitute for neuscous pill. and crude mineral waters is Tarrant's Seltzei Aparient

"Here We Go Again" At a lower rate than any other line to St. Louis and return. The popular Bee-line railway will sell round-trip tickets to St. Louis and return, account the National Sængerbund festival, at [ rate of only four dollars for the round trip Tickets good going June 12 and 13 inclusive and returning until June 18. Make no mistak and buy your tickets over the popular Bee-lind railway. For full information call on agenta Bee-line railway, No. 2 Bates House, No. 138 South Illinois street, and Union Depot.

DRINK Malto; it is pleasant. WHAT is "Coaline?" What is "Coaline?"

T. C. PECK, Passenger Agent.

\$2 50. Remember, Child. Remember. \$2.50-That no line but the C., H. & D. carries the Knights of Pythias to Cincinnati. No other line passes by the drill ground and enables its patrons to run between that point and Cinein nati at leisure. No other line offers equal ac commodations or takes better care of its passen-

DRINK Malto for the nerves. WHAT is "Coaline?" What is "Coaline?"

Judge Gresham's Portrait. W. B. Burford has got out a handsome lithe graph portrait of Judge Walter Q Gresham qual in size and workmanship to that which he made of General Harrison. Mr. Burford will send either of these lithographs to any address

by mail on receipt of 50 cents; both for \$1. DRINK Malto at soda fountain. WHAT is "Coaline?" What is "Coaline?"

Lots of Grit Is admirable in a warrior, but abominable in a dentifrice. This destructive component many tooth powders and pastes contain. Use for the teeth Sozodont only, popular for over thirty years, and a liquid of delightful fragrance which purifies the breath.

DRINK Malto; 25 cents a bottle.

AMUSEMENTS. DIME MUSEUM

Last Week of the Season-Geo. A. Baker's

THIS AFTERNOON. TO-NIGHT BOHEMIAN GIRL.

Wednesday, "Mikado;" Thursday, "Pinafore;" Fraday, "Fantine;" Saturday, "Chimes of Normandy."
No increase in prices—10c, 20c, 30c.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE Two Grand Concerts, Saturday Matines and Ever

The Famous

50-Talented Performers-50 Prices, 25, 50, 75 cents and \$1.00. Seats on Sale Wednesday Morning.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT MENDELSSOHN SOCIETY

GRAND CONCERT A Magnificent Programme. The Great "MESSIAH" and miscellaneous numbers of great excellence. The Soloists are all Favorites.

PROF. CARL BARUS, Director. ADMISSION - - BO CENTS. Seats can be reserved at D. H. Baldwin & Co.'s without extra charge.

STATE FAIR GROUNDS

Three Afternoon and Three Evening Performances, commencing TUESDAY, June 12. PAWNEE BILL'S

HISTORICAL

Whole Tribes of REAL BLANKETED INDIANS! Cowboys, Cowgirls, Mexicans, Buffalo. Wild Texas Steer. Immense Herd Wild Ponies. Attack on the Overland Stage Coach.

Attack on an Emigrant Train. Attack on Trapper Tom's Cabin. Indian Dances, Indian Races, Indian Sports. Com oy Races, Cowboy Sports.
The Wonderful Pony Express.
Riding Bucking and Kicking Bronchos.

Lassooing, Tying and Riding Wild Texas Steer. Ludierous Burro Races. Picking up coins and handkerchief from the groun while riging at full speed.

Capture and Hanging of Horsethief. -MARVELOUS EXHIBITIONS OF-

GRAND STREET PARADE at 10 a. m. Gates open at 1 and 7 p. m. Performance at 3 and Admission, 50c. Children, 28c

"THE BASIS OF THE

A lecture on the above subject will be delivered by MR. WM. M. SALTER, lecturer of the Chicago Ethical Society, on the evening of Wednesday, June 13. At 8 o'clock, in the Lecture Room of PLYMOUTH CHURCH. 'The Hon. W. P. Fishback will preside Admission Free.